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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/085,809	,	02/28/2002	James Austin Kendrick	98B014E	98B014E 3259	
23455	7590	06/22/2006		EXAMINER		
EXXONM	OBIL CH	IEMICAL COMPA	NECKEL, ALEXA DOROSHENK			
5200 BAYV P.O. BOX 2		VE		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
1.0.20.	BAYTOWN, TX 77522-2149			1764		

DATE MAILED: 06/22/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Advisory Action	10/085,809	KENDRICK ET AL.					
Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Alexa D. Neckel	1764					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the		ross				
THE REPLY FILED 14 June 2006 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APP			ress				
1.      The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance time periods:	the same day as filing a Notice of wing replies: (1) an amendment, aff tice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in o ce with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply mu	Appeal. To avoid abaidavit, or other evider	ice, which FR 41.31: or (3)				
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A	g date of the final rejection.	in the final rejection who	iahawaa ia lataa di				
no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire is	ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing	g date of the final rejection	on.				
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or ( TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 76	06.07(f).						
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of exunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	tension and the corresponding amount of the statutory period for reply origing than three months after the mailing date.	of the fee. The appropri	ate extension fee				
<ol> <li>The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed AMENDMENTS</li> </ol>	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to within the time period set forth in 3	avoid dismissal of the 7 CFR 41.37(a).	e appeal. Since				
<ol> <li>The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, to the proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, to the proposed amendment(s) the proposed amendment (sometimes).</li> <li>They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below (c) they are not deemed to place the application in betom the proposed are not deemed to place the proposed are not deemed.</li> </ol>	nsideration and/or search (see NOT w);	E below);					
appeal; and/or			ile issues for				
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	corresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.					
	21. See attached Notice of Non-Cor	nnliant Amendment (	OTOL 324)				
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).  5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):							
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).	owable if submitted in a separate, t	imely filed amendmer	nt canceling the				
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [	☐ will not be entered, or b) ☑ will	be entered and an ex	planation of				
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:  Claim(s) allowed:	ided below or appended.						
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 7-25.							
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:							
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE							
8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).	sufficient reasons why the affidavi	t or other evidence is	necessary and				
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to over showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary.  10. The affidavit as attractions are sufficient to the sufficient reasons.	ercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea and was not earlier presented. Se	l and/or appellant fails e 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1)	s to provide a				
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	of the status of the claims after en	try is below or attache	ed.				
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but See Continuation Sheet.			ce because:				
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (I	PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper No	o(s)					

Alexa D. Neckel Primary Examiner Art Unit: 1764

13. Other: \_\_\_\_.

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: the arguments are not found persuasive.

Applicant argues that the Examiner has not established a prima facie case of obviousness because all the claim limitation shave not been taught or suggested by the prior art. and that the examiner has not provided any motivation from within the references themselves to arrive at the claimed invention.

As previously discussed, one in possession of the reactor of McElvain would be motivated to convert their reactor into the reactor of Palmroos in order have a reactor which would allow the possessor to gain further control of various reaction stages and optimize the reaction stages, which are advantages taught by Palmroos (p. 5, lines 4-31). Additionally, obviousness may sometimes be based on the common knowledge of persons skilled in the art without relying on a specific suggestion in a particular reference. In re Bozek, 416 F.2d 1385, 1390, 163 USPQ 545, 549 (CCPA 1969). One skilled in the art to which the invention pertains could take the description of the invention in the printed publications of McElvain and Palmroos and combine it with his own knowledge of the particular art (the ability to disconnect and disconnect the structural elements of a reactor) as well as the teaching of Palmroos (p. 5, lines 4-31) to optimize the reaction stages and from this combination be put in possession of the invention on which a patent is sought. A reference contains an enabling disclosure if the public was in possession of the claimed invention before the date of invention. Such possession is effected if one of ordinary skill in the art could have combined the reference's description of the invention with his own knowledge to make the claimed invention. In re Donohue, 766 F.2d 351, 226 USPQ 619 (Fed. Cir. 1985).

Applicant argues that reconfiguring the McElivn multiple-loop reactors would result in some loops having no discharge.

As previously stated in earlier Office Actions, it is well within the skill of one of ordinary skill in the art to be able to connect and disconnect the various elements of a known loop reactor (such as the reactor of McElvain) to form another known loop reactor (such as the reactor of Palmroos). The fact that by converting the McElvain reactor to the Palmroos reactor may result in extra/redundant pieces remaining from the original reactor or require providing additional inlets or outlets does not preclude one of ordinary skill in the art from converting the reactor in such a manner. It is also noted that the instant claims use the transitional term "comprising", which is inclusive or open-ended and does not exclude additional, unrecited elements or method steps.